

Flexure beams and slabs (rectangular cross-section)

– Doubly reinforced section –

Geometry cross-section

Rectangular shape:

Width $b = 350 \text{ mm}$

Height $h = 300 \text{ mm}$

Analysis

Design moment: $M_{Ed1} = 150,00 \text{ kNm}$

Design shear (for additional tensile force only): $V_{Ed} = 250 \text{ kN}$

$$\Delta M_{Ed} = \Delta F_{td} z = 0,5V_{Ed}(\cot\theta - \cot\alpha) z = 63,98 \text{ kNm}$$

Design moment (additional tensile force due to shear):

$$M_{Ed} = M_{Ed1} + \Delta M_{Ed} = 213,98 \text{ kNm}$$

(assuming – 20% moment redistribution: $\delta = 0,80$).

Materials – characteristic/design strengths

Concrete

Strength class for concrete:

$$f_{ck} = 35 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 35 \text{ MPa}$$

$$f_{cd} = \alpha_{cc} f_{ck} / \gamma_c = 0,85 f_{ck} / 1,50 = 19,83 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Steel

Strength of reinforcement (Class B, C):

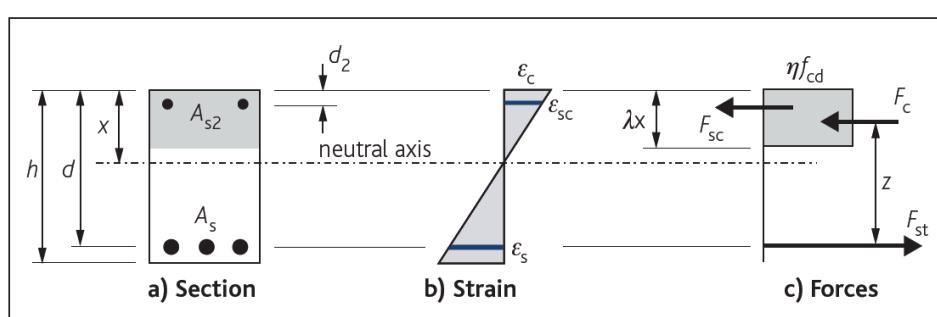
$$f_{yk} = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 500 \text{ MPa}$$

$$f_{yd} = f_{yk} / \gamma_s = f_{yk} / 1,15 = 0,87 f_{yk} = 435 \text{ N/mm}^2 = \text{constant}$$

$$E_s = 200 \text{ GPa}; f_{yd} / E_s = 0,002174 [-].$$

Beam lever arm

For grades of concrete up to C50/60, $\varepsilon_{cu3} = 3,5/1000$, $\eta = 1$, $\lambda = 0,8$.



Ref. EN 1992-1-1
Sec. 3.1.7(3)
Exp. (3.19) – (3.21)
Sec. 5.5

Sec. 6.2.3(7) - Eq. 6.18

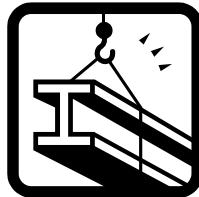
Exp. (6.18) applied

Table 3.1

Table C.1 – Annex C

Cl. 3.2.7(2) b)

Figure 3.5 – modified



Project: ??

Client: ??

Job No.: ??

(Bending: doubly reinforced section)

Design by: ??

eurocodespreadsheets.jimdo.com/

(Your Logo)

Review by: ??

Durability and cover to reinforcement

Nominal cover:

$$c_{\text{nom}} = c_{\text{min}} + \Delta c_{\text{dev}} = 25 \text{ mm}$$

Maximum size of aggregate: $d_g = 20 \text{ mm}$

Effective depth:

$$d = h - c_{\text{nom}} - \phi_{\text{link}} - 0,5\phi_{\text{vert},1} = (300 - 25 - \phi_{\text{link}} - 0,5\phi_{\text{vert},1}) = 227,5 \text{ mm}$$

where:

ϕ_{link} is the diameter of the shear reinforcement

$\phi_{\text{vert},1}$ equivalent vertical dimension (MS tensile bars in $N \geq 1$ layers).

Depth to centroid of compressive reinforcement from compression fiber:

$$d_2 = 46 \text{ mm} = c_{\text{nom}} + \phi_{\text{link}} + 0,5\phi_{\text{vert},2}.$$

Exp. (4.1)

Cl. 8.2(2) – Note

Figure 5.5 (modified)

Sec. 5.5

Exp. (5.10a)

Table 3.1

Linear elastic analysis with limited redistribution

Ratio of the redistributed moment to the elastic bending moment:

$$\delta = 0,80 \geq k_1 + k_2 x_u/d \text{ (for } f_{ck} \leq 50 \text{ MPa)}$$

$$\delta = 0,80 \geq 0,4 + [1 \cdot (0,6 + 0,0014/\varepsilon_{cu2})] x_u/d \text{ (for } f_{ck} \leq 50 \text{ MPa)}$$

$$\delta = 0,80 \geq k_5 = 0,7 \text{ (for reinforcement Class B and C).}$$

With $\varepsilon_{cu2} = 3,5/1000$ (for $f_{ck} \leq 50 \text{ MPa}$):

$x_u/d = 0,400$ (for linear elastic analysis with limited redistribution)

$$K' = 0,453 \cdot (1 - 0,4 \cdot x_u/d) x_u/d = 0,152.$$

Compressive steel

$d_2 = 46 \text{ mm} < x_u = 91 \text{ mm}$ (satisfactory).

$$\gamma_2 = d_2/d = 0,202 \text{ [-].}$$

Let

$$\alpha_{s2} = \frac{\sigma_{s2}}{0,87f_{yk}} \text{ within the range (0; 1] } (\sigma_{s2} = 0,87f_{yk} \text{ for } \alpha_2):$$

$$\alpha_{s2} = \frac{E_s}{0,87f_{yk}} \cdot \frac{0,0035}{x_u/d} \cdot (x_u/d - \gamma_2) < 1,00 \rightarrow \alpha_{s2} = 0,80 \text{ [-]}$$

$$\frac{0,0035}{x_u/d} = \frac{0,0035 - 0,87f_{yk}/E_s}{\gamma_{2,\text{lim,el}}} \rightarrow \gamma_{2,\text{lim,el}} = 0,152 \text{ [-]}$$

$$\sigma_{s2} = \alpha_{s2} 0,87f_{yk} = 346 \text{ MPa} \text{ (compressed steel not yielded: } \gamma_2 > \gamma_{2,\text{lim,el}}).$$

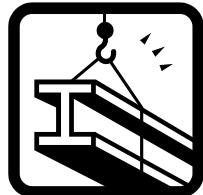
From the proportion of the strain distribution diagram.

Flexural design

$$K = M_{Ed}/(bd^2f_{ck}) = 0,338 > K' = 0,152$$

(provide compression reinforcement).

For $d > 0,8x_u$:



using K' instead of K:

$$z/d = 0,5 \cdot [1 + (1 - 3,529 \cdot K')^{0,5}] = 0,840 \text{ (z/d limited to a max of 0,95):}$$

$$z = 0,840d = 191,1 \text{ mm (beam lever arm)}$$

Area of the compression reinforcement required

$$A_{s2} = (K - K')f_{ck}bd^2/[\sigma_{s2} \cdot (d - d_2)] = 1870 \text{ mm}^2$$

► [Try 5H22 x 1 layers. Single layer with: H22 @ 65 mm]

Cl. 9.2.1.1 – Note

Percentage area of the compression reinforcement provided

$$\rho_{s2} = 100 \cdot A_{s2}/(bd) = 2,39\% \leq 4bh/100 \text{ (satisfactory)} = A_{s,max}$$

Cl. 9.2.1.1(3) – Note

Area of tension reinforcement required

With $z = 191,1 \text{ mm} \leq 0,95d$

$$A_s = K'f_{ck}bd^2/(0,87 \cdot f_{yk}z) + (K - K')f_{ck}bd^2/[0,87f_{yk}(d - d_2)] = 2649 \text{ mm}^2$$

$A_s \geq A_{s,min}$ (satisfactory)

► [Try 3H25 x 2 layers. Single layer with: H25 @ 128 mm]

Cl. 9.2.1.1 – Exp. (9.1N)

Percentage area of the tensile reinforcement provided

$$\rho_s = 100 \cdot A_s/(bd) = 3,70\% \leq 4bh/100 \text{ (satisfactory)} = A_{s,max}$$

Cl. 9.2.1.1(3) – Note